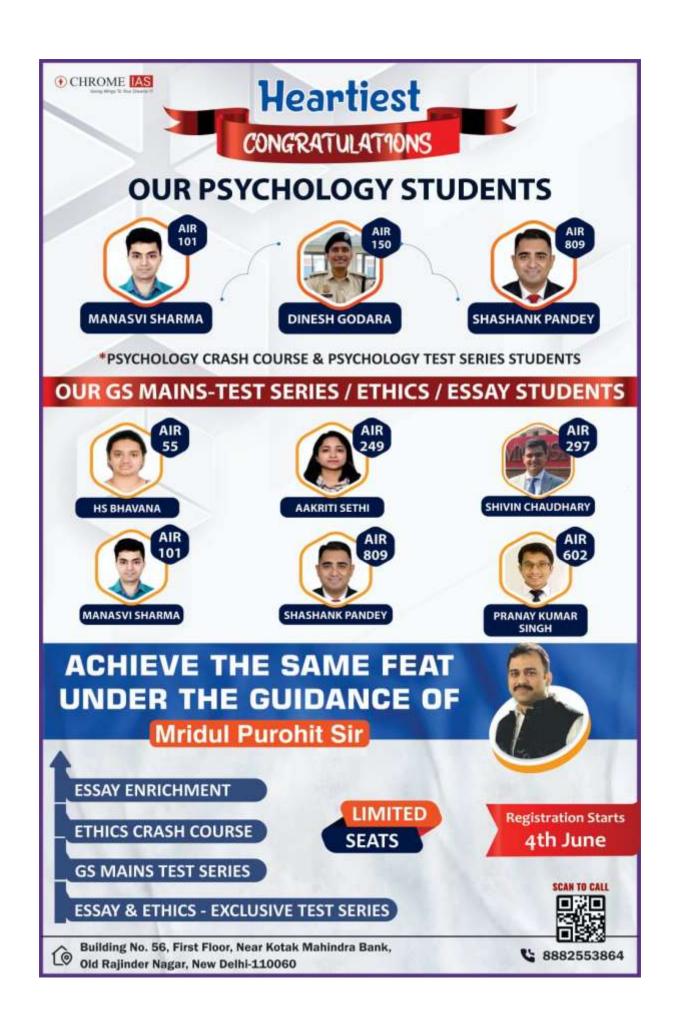


## **GS MAINS TEST SERIES 2023-24**

Under the guidance of MRIDUL PUROHIT

21 Tests (8 Sectional + 8 FLTs + 5 Essays)			
Test No.	Date	Paper	
1	25 June	GS 1	
2	9 July	GS 2	
3	23 July	GS 3	
4	6 Aug	GS 4	
5	20 Aug	Essay	
6	3 Sept	GS 1	
7	17 Sept	GS 2	
8	1 Oct	GS 3	
9	15 Oct	GS 4	
10	29 Oct	Essay	
	FULL LENGTH TESTS		
11	12 Nov	Essay	
12	26 Nov	GS 1	
13	10 Dec	GS 2	
14	24 Dec	GS 3	
15	31 Dec	GS 4	
16	After Prelims	Essay	
17	After Prelims	Essay	
18/19	After Prelims	GS 1   GS 2	
20/21	After Prelims	GS 3   GS 4	



TEST	TOPICS COVERED		
1	<ul> <li>Indian Heritage and Culture, History of the World</li> <li>Indian culture will cover the salient aspects of Art Forms, literature and Architecture from ancient to modern times.</li> <li>Modern Indian history from about the middle of the eighteenth century until the present-significant events, personalities, issues.</li> <li>The Freedom Struggle — its various stages and important contributors/contributions from different parts of the country.</li> <li>Post-independence consolidation and reorganization within the country.</li> <li>History of the world will include events from 18th century such as industrial revolution, world wars, redrawing of national boundaries, colonization, decolonization, political philosophies like communism, capitalism, socialism etc their forms and effect on the society</li> </ul>		
	Indian Constitution, Government Policies and Programs, Indian Polity, NGO's, SHG's and their role Indian Constitution—historical underpinnings, evolution, features, amendments, significant		
	<ul> <li>provisions and basic structure.</li> <li>Functions and responsibilities of the Union and the States, issues and challenges pertaining</li> </ul>		
2	to the federal structure, devolution of powers and finances up to local levels and challenges therein.		
	<ul> <li>Separation of powers between various organs dispute redressal mechanisms and institutions. Comparison of the Indian constitutional scheme with that of other countries.</li> <li>Parliament and State legislatures—structure, functioning, conduct of business, powers &amp; privileges and issues arising out of these.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Structure, organization and functioning of the Executive and the Judiciary—Ministries and Departments of the Government; pressure groups and formal/informal associations and their role in the Polity.</li> </ul>		
	Salient features of the Representation of People's Act.		
	<ul> <li>Appointment to various Constitutional posts, powers, functions and responsibilities of various Constitutional Bodies. Statutory, regulatory and various quasi-judicial bodies.</li> <li>Government policies and interventions for development in various sectors and issues arising</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>out of their design and implementation.</li> <li>Development processes and the development industry - the role of NGOs, SHGs, various groups and associations, donors, charities, institutional and other stakeholders</li> </ul>		
	Economic Development, Agriculture and related Issues, PDS, Land Reforms &		
3	Infrastructure		
3	<ul> <li>Indian Economy and issues relating to planning, mobilization, of resources, growth, development and employment.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Inclusive growth and issues arising from it.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Government Budgeting.</li> <li>Major crops-cropping patterns in various parts of the country, - different types of irrigation and irrigation systems storage, transport and marketing of agricultural produce and issues</li> </ul>		

	<ul> <li>and related constraints; e-technology in the aid of farmers.</li> <li>Issues related to direct and indirect farm subsidies and minimum support prices; Public Distribution System-objectives, functioning, limitations, revamping; issues of buffer stocks and food security; Technology missions; economics of animal-rearing.</li> <li>Food processing and related industries in India - scope and significance, location, upstream and downstream requirements, supply chain management.</li> <li>Land reforms in India.</li> <li>Effects of liberalization on the economy, changes in industrial policy and their effects on industrial growth.</li> <li>Infrastructure: Energy, Ports, Roads, Airports, Railways etc. , Investment models.</li> </ul>
4	<ul> <li>Ethics, Integrity and Aptitude</li> <li>Ethics and Human Interface: Essence, determinants and consequences of Ethics in-human actions; dimensions of ethics; ethics - in private and public relationships. Human Values - lessons from the lives and teachings of great leaders, reformers and administrators; role of family society and educational institutions in inculcating values.</li> <li>Attitude: content, structure, function; its influence and relation with thought and behavior; moral and political attitudes; social influence and persuasion.</li> <li>Aptitude and foundational values for Civil Service, integrity, impartiality and non-partisanship, objectivity, dedication to public service, empathy, tolerance and compassion towards the weaker-sections.</li> <li>Emotional intelligence-concepts, and their utilities and application in administration and governance.</li> <li>Case Studies on the above issues.</li> </ul>
5	<ul> <li>Indian Society, Globalization, Role of Women in modern times, Urbanization &amp; Geography of the World</li> <li>Salient features of Indian Society, Diversity of India.</li> <li>Role of women and women's organization, population and associated issues, poverty and developmental issues, urbanization, their problems and their remedies.</li> <li>Effects of globalization on Indian society.</li> <li>Social empowerment, communalism, regionalism &amp; secularism.</li> <li>Salient features of world's physical geography.</li> <li>Distribution of key natural resources across the world (including South Asia and the Indian sub-continent); factors responsible for the location of primary, secondary, and tertiary sector industries in various parts of the world (including India).</li> <li>Important Geophysical phenomena such as earthquakes, Tsunami, Volcanic activity, cyclone etc., geographical features and their location - changes in critical geographical features (including water-bodies and ice-caps) and in flora and fauna and the effects of such changes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Welfare Schemes, Social Sector, Role of Civil Services, International Relations</li> <li>&amp; International Institutions</li> <li>Welfare schemes for vulnerable sections of the population by the Centre and States and the</li> </ul>

	performance of these schemes; mechanisms, laws, institutions and Bodies constituted for
	the protection and betterment of these vulnerable sections.
	<ul> <li>Issues relating to development and management of Social Sector/Services relating to</li> </ul>
	Health, Education, Human Resources.
	Issues relating to poverty and hunger.
6	Important aspects of governance, transparency and accountability, e-governance-
	applications, models, successes, limitations, and potential; citizens charters, transparency &
	accountability and institutional and other measures.
	Role of civil services in a democracy.
	<ul> <li>India and its neighbourhood- relations.</li> <li>Dilatoral, and clocked encoder of a conservation of the state of the</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Bilateral, regional and global groupings and agreements involving India and/or affecting India's interests.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Effect of policies and politics of developed and developing countries on India's interests, Indian Diaspora.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Important International institutions, agencies and fora- their structure, mandate.</li> </ul>
	Science & Technology, Biodiversity, Disaster Management, State & Non-State
	Actors, Internal Security
	Science and Technology- developments and their applications and effects in everyday life.
	<ul> <li>Achievements of Indians in science &amp; technology; indigenization of technology and</li> </ul>
	developing new technology.
	<ul> <li>Awareness in the fields of IT, Space, Computers, robotics, Nano-technology, bio-technology</li> </ul>
	and issues relating to intellectual property rights.
-	<ul> <li>Conservation, environmental pollution and degradation, environmental impact assessment.</li> <li>Disaster and disaster management</li> </ul>
7	Disaster and disaster management.     Linkages between development and spread of outremism
	<ul> <li>Linkages between development and spread of extremism.</li> <li>Role of external state and non-state actors in creating challenges to internal security.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Role of external state and non-state actors in creating challenges to internal security.</li> <li>Challenges to internal security through communication networks, role of media and social</li> </ul>
	networking sites in internal security challenges, basics of cyber security; money-laundering
	and its prevention.
	<ul> <li>Security challenges and their management in border areas - linkages of organized crime with</li> </ul>
	terrorism.
	<ul> <li>Various Security forces and agencies and their mandate.</li> </ul>
	Ethics, Integrity and Aptitude
	Contributions of moral thinkers and philosophers from India and world.
	Public/Civil service values and Ethics in Public administration: Status and problems; ethical
	concerns and dilemmas in government and private institutions; laws, rules, regulations and
8	conscience as sources of ethical guidance; accountability and ethical governance;
	strengthening of ethical and moral values in governance; ethical issues in international relations and funding: corporate governance.
	relations and funding; corporate governance.  Probity in Governance: Concent of public convice: Philosophical basis of governance and
	<ul> <li>Probity in Governance: Concept of public service; Philosophical basis of governance and probity; Information sharing and transparency in government, Right to Information, Codes</li> </ul>
	of Ethics, Codes of Conduct, Citizen's Charters, Work culture, Quality of service delivery,
	Utilization of public funds, challenges of corruption.
	<ul> <li>Case Studies on the above issues.</li> </ul>



- 1. TESTs must be written strictly in three hours for an accurate assessment. Be honest in your preparation and committed to your goal.
- 2. Tests can be Postponed and not Preponed.
- 3. There will be 9-10 discussions with Mridul Sir and Ravika Ma'am for a holistic evaluation of candidate and power-packed sessions to increase marks.
- 4. TEST SERIES will be strictly valid till MAINS 2024.
- 5. Students are expected to write the tests with due revision of syllabus.
- 6. We recommend that students write the tests in the Institute for those who are staying close, and candidates who are residing in other cities are expected to write the test in one sitting.
- Last but not the least TEST SERIES purpose is that you get a TARGET to revise syllabus and practice ANSWER WRITING as per UPSC demand – so that in real time and exam like situation you remain CONFIDENT and COMPOSED.